Практика устной и письменной речи английского языка, III курс (5-6 семестр).

Требование к экзаменам, в 5-6 семестрах.

При выставлении оценки на экзамене, учитывая результаты следующих экзаменационных работ:
- теста по чтению,
- теста по аудированию,
- лексического теста.

Экзаменационный билет состоит из 3 пунктов.

1. Прочитать текст, устно ответить на вопросы или пересказать, письменно перевести на русский язык выделенный кусок текста.
2. Беседа по одной из изученных тем,
3. Перевод с русского на английский 5 предложений, используя изученную лексику.

Экзаменационные темы 5 семестра.

1. The British Isles.
2. Scotland.
4. Wales.
5. Northern Ireland.
7. Belarus.
8. Minsk.
11. Travelling.
12. City live.
13. Public transport.
15. Cinema.

Экзаменационные темы 6 семестра.

1. English as a world language.
2. British and American English.
3. The role of Mass Media.
4. The national press.
5. The British press.
7. TV and Radio in Britain and the USA.
8. TV and Radio in Belarus.
9. Children and TV.
10. Violence and TV.
12. The history of the Proms.
13. The history of the rock and pop.
14. The Areat musicians of the world.
Lexical Test.

1. Write the adjective:
   china - ........
   Pole - ........
   Up to 10 points.

II. Give the synonyms of the following words:
   vary -........
   shape -........
   Up to 10 points.

III. Give the antonyms of the following words:
   shallow - .......
   shapely - .......
   Up to 10 points.

IV. Supply the necessary adjectives.
   1. ........ water is warmer than ........ water.
   2. Its ........ soil is deeply cultivated.
   Up to 10 points.

V. Fill in prepositions.
   1. Please remember: traffic .......... Britain keeps .......... the left!
   2. The houses were gray .......... soot.
   Up to 10 points.

VI. Translate into English.
   1. Большинство рек Британии не судоходны.
   2. Этот художник увлекался морскими пейзажами.
   Up to 20 points.

Reading Test.

James Fallows has been a foreign journalist in Japan for a couple of years. He has discovered that living in another country can create barriers to communication that are limiting in some ways and liberating in others.

Fallows: Right now, you are listening to the radio, but I bet you're doing something else, too – getting dressed, finishing your breakfast, leafing though the paper, driving to work – that is, you're enjoying the luxury of operating in your own familiar language, which your brain can handle so easily that it has plenty of power left to supervise the other things that you do.

Here in Japan, I've been in exile from that comfortable world. If I want to make any sense whatever of the sounds coming out of the radio, the TV speaker, or someone else's mouth, I have to concentrate my complete attention on that task. There's no brain power to spare for anything else, including walking or chewing gum. I've become a man who can do exactly one thing at a time.

This state of things has its good and bad sides. The bad part is a certain narrowing, to put it mildly, of the information flowing into my life. But the good thing is the same enforced need to concentrate. I may do only one thing at a time now, but I do that thing very intently. One of the things I've begun doing most seriously is to read books all the way through. Of
course, we all read books in America, too, but because of the other distractions it's often hard to stick with them. Reviews and TV interviews take the place of actual books.

But here with my exhaustive need to retreat into English, there's nothing to keep me from finishing a book once I get started. I have the added plus of spending three to four hours each day on the Tokyo train system which, when it is not so crowded that I can't raise my arms, lets me go through several books a week. Indeed, thanks to the train, I am the only person on Earth actually to have read Paul Kennedy's famous “Rise and Fall of the Great Power” book. The whole-book environment changes your world view, making you more deeply but more spottily informed. I find that I have become more patient with long explanations, and less likely to cut somebody off and make him get to his point.

exile – ссылка

distraction - отвлечение, развлечение

I. Mark the following statements as True or False.
1. James has been a foreign tourist in Japan.
2. He didn't find any difficulties in communication.
   Up to 10 points.

II. Write answers to these questions.
1. What is the bad side of living in a foreign country in his opinion?
2. In what way did Jame's manner of reading books change in Japan?
   Up to 10 points.

III. Correct the following statements according to the text.
1. The author spends 3 to 4 hours in Tokyo trains each week.
2. He thinks he is the only person on Earth to have enjoyed the book “Rise and Fall of the Great Power”.

Listening Test.

I. Mark the correct continuation.
1/. Anita didn't like her English lessons at school because:
   - a) they were boring;
   - b) she didn't need English;
   - c) it was more interesting to study Spanish.

2/. She didn't speak much English during her first visit to England because:
   - a) her boyfriend wanted to practice French with her;
   - b) she stayed with a family who spoke French;
   - c) her boyfriend came from France and they spoke French.
   Up to 10 points.

II. Complete the sentences using a word, figure or phrase.
1/. Anita comes from……
2/. At university she ……
   Up to 10 points.

III. True or false.
1/. She is 29.
2/. She is from the North of France.
   Up to 10 points.